

Sleuth Kit and Open Source Digital Forensics Conference June 9, 2010

The Sleuth Kit Overview and Automated Scanning Features

Brian Carrier

Basis Technology Corporation

- P 617.386.2000 800.697.2062 (toll-free)
- F 617.386.2020
- W info@basistech.com www.basistech.com

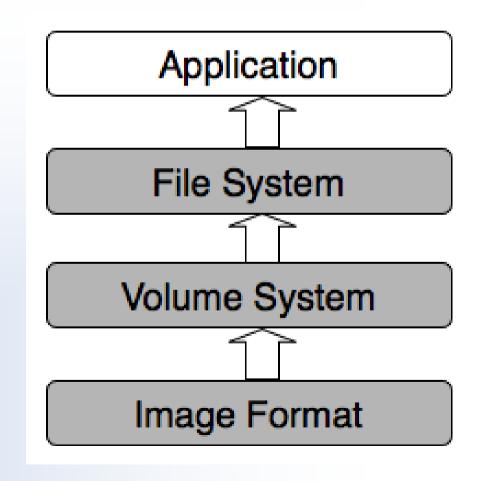
Agenda

- What is TSK?
- What does it do for you?
- How can you use it?
- What is in TSK's future?



What Is The Sleuth Kit?

 Open source software that allows you to forensically analyze disk images and local drives.





Scenario

- You have a disk image and want to look for specific files.
- 1. TSK will auto-detect the image format
- 2. TSK will auto-detect the volume system and layout:
 - What sectors are allocated to partitions
 - What sectors are not allocated to any partitions

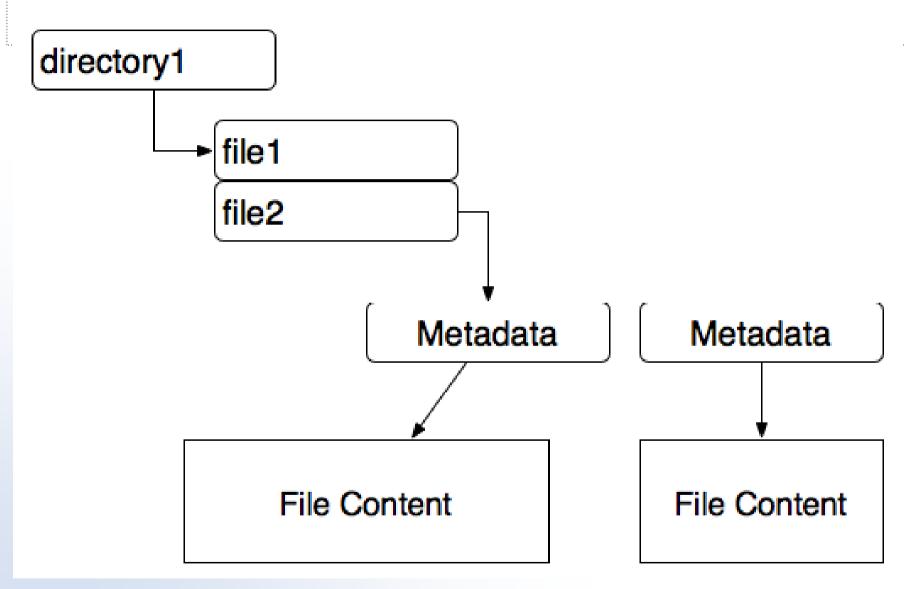
| NTFS Partition NTFS Partition |
|-------------------------------|
|-------------------------------|



Scenario (contd.)

- 3. TSK will auto-detect the file system type and can search for your file (even if it is deleted)
 - Analyzes the directory hierarchy in file system.
 - Identifies files that have been marked for deletion.
 - Searches for "orphan files" that no longer have a name.







Scenario (contd.)

- Allows search to be conducted based on:
 - File name and extension
 - Temporal data (created, modified, accessed, changed, etc.)
 - File size
 - File location
 - Hash of file content
- With third-party support, can search app-level:
 - Signature analysis of file content
 - Keyword search of text in file content
 - Image analysis of file content



Call Now!

- How much would you pay for this functionality?
 - **\$100**
 - **\$1000**
- This can all be yours for 3 monthly payments of \$0.
- But wait, there's more!



There's more!

- Need to quickly lookup hash values in a hash database? TSK can do that.
- Need to filter out the "Known Good" files, flag the "Known Bad" files, and sort the rest based on file type? TSK can do that.
- Need to view a timeline of activity on the device? TSK can do that too.



TSK History

- The Coroner's Toolkit (TCT) was first released in 2000 by Dan Farmer and Wietse Venema.
 - Ran only on Unix systems
 - Analyzed only local file system type (Ext2 and UFS)
 - Did not know about file names (only blocks and inodes).
- TCTUtils was released in 2001 by me as TCT addon.
 - Adds file name layer so that directory contents can be listed.
 - Allows you to map between blocks, inodes, and file names (i.e. which file is using block 234?)



TSK History (2)

- The @stake Sleuth Kit (TASK) was released in 2002 by me.
 - Integrated TCT and TCTUtils into a single project.
 - Added platform independence (can analyze file system types different than local system).
 - Added FAT and NTFS support.
 - Added OS X and Cygwin support.
- TASK was renamed to TSK in 2003.



Current Capabilities

- Platforms:
 - Windows
 - Linux
 - OS X
 - Cygwin
 - OpenBSD, FreeBSD, etc.
 - Solaris

- Image Layer:
 - Raw files or local disks
 - Split raw files (i.e. multiple 2GB files)
 - E01 EnCase files (using libewf library)
 - AFF files (using afflib library)



Current Capabilities (2)

- Volume System Layer
 - DOS Partitions
 - GPT partitions
 - MAC partitions
 - BSD Disk labels
 - SUN VTOC

- File System Layer
 - NTFS
 - FAT12, FAT16, FAT32
 - HFS+
 - ISO9660
 - Ext2, Ext3
 - UFS1, UFS2, FFS
 - Wyatt Banks / Crucial contributed initial ISO9660 and HFS+.
 - ATC-NY contributed HFS+ enhancements.



Current Capabilities (3)

- Hash Databases
 - NSRL
 - Hashkeeper
 - Md5sum/sha1sum
- Timelines
 - Sorts files based on modified, accessed, changed, and created times.
 - Open input format.
 - Text output
 - Useful for intrusions.





- Sorter:
 - Ignores "known good" files.
 - Flags "known bad" files.
 - Organizes unknown files by file type.
 - Creates thumbnails of unknown images.

How To Currently Use TSK



Command Line Tools

- Original method for using TSK
- Currently, over 20 different tools
 - 2 Image Layer
 - 3 Volume System Layer
 - 13 File System Layer
 - 2 Hash and Signature Search
 - 1 Timeline tool
 - I Sorting tool



Mmls Example

- Lists the partitions in a disk image.
- Example:

| # mmls tsk1.img | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|-------|---------|---------|---------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Slot | Start | End | Length | Description | | | | |
| 00: | | 0000000 | 0000000 | 000001 | Primary Table | | | | |
| 01: | | 000001 | 0000062 | 0000062 | Unallocated | | | | |
| 02: | 00:00 | 0000063 | 0032129 | 0032067 | NTFS $(0x07)$ | | | | |
| 03: | 00:01 | 0032130 | 0064259 | 0032130 | DOS FAT16 | | | | |
| ((|)x06) | | | | | | | | |



Fls example

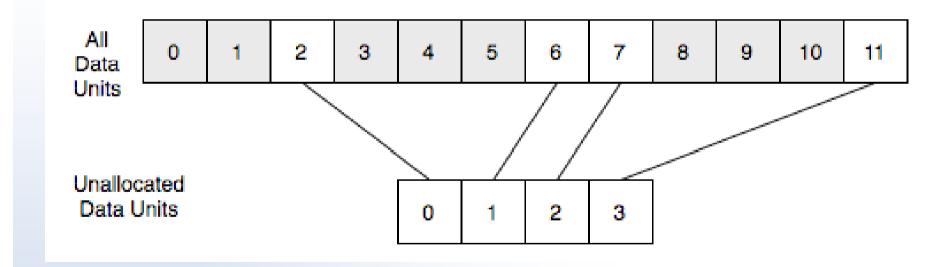
- Lists the files in a directory.
- Shows deleted and orphan files

```
# fls -o 63 tsk1.img
r/r 4-128-4: $AttrDef
[...]
r/r 3-128-3: $Volume
d/d 29-144-6: dir1
d/d 31-144-1: dir2
d/d 34-144-1: RECYCLER
v/v 19920-144-1: $OrphanFiles
```



blkls Example

- Extracts the unallocated blocks in the file system for additional data recovery.
- Output can be used for carving.





Library

- All of the command line functionality, in a C library.
- More efficient to use when processing a full disk image.
- Reduced overhead:
 - Load general file system data only once
- Full API docs and sample programs exist.



Library Quick Start

- 1. Open the disk image.
- 2. Open the volume system in the disk image.
- 3. Open the file system in each volume
- 4. Access data in the file system:
 - List all files in a given directory.
 - Read the contents of any file.
 - Access any block in the file system.



Autopsy

- Original graphical interface to TSK
- First released in 2001
- HTML-based interface:
 - Runs TSK command line tools
 - Parses output
 - Displays with HTML tags added in
- Does not use the library interface.



| View Directory: / | | ent Direct | | ATE MD5 LIST OF FI | LES | | | | |
|--------------------------|-----|----------------|-------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|-------|-----|----|
| View | DEL | Type dir/in | | Modified | Accessed | CHANGED | SIZE | UID | GI |
| Search For File Name: | | d / d | <u>/</u> | 2000.11.08 08:52:25 (CST) | 2000.11.08 04:02:02 (CST) | 2000.11.08 08:52:25 (CST) | 1024 | 0 | 0 |
| Perl regular expression) | | d / d | <u>./</u> | 2000.11.08 08:58:57 (CST) | 2000.11.08 08:57:08 (CST) | 2000.11.08 08:58:57 (CST) | 1024 | 0 | 0 |
| | | 1/1 | .bash_history | 2000.11.08 08:52:10 (CST) | 2000.11.08 08:59:52 (CST) | 2000.11.08 08:52:10 (CST) | 9 | 0 | 0 |
| ALL DELETED FILES | | d / d | .font-unix/ | 2000.11.05 09:33:50 (CST) | 2000.11.05 09:33:50 (CST) | 2000.11.08 04:02:06 (CST) | 1024 | 43 | 43 |
| EXPAND DIRECTORIES | 1 | r/r | <u>ccbvMzZr.i</u> | 2000.11.08 08:58:57 (CST) | 2000.11.08 08:58:57 (CST) | 2000.11.08 08:58:57 (CST) | 23007 | 500 | 50 |
| | 1 | r/r | ccE8mHGN.s | 2000.11.08 08:58:57 (CST) | 2000.11.08 08:58:57 (CST) | 2000.11.08 08:58:57 (CST) | 10723 | 500 | |
| | | | | | | | | | |



Tools that you'll hear about later today:

- Mandiant Intelligent Response
- Mac Marshall
- PTK



Bootable CDs

- From wiki.sleuthkit.org:
- BackTrack2
- CAINE (Computer Aided INvestigative Environment)-GUI Forensics Interface
- DEFT (Digital Evidence & Forensic Toolkit) - Xubuntu based
- CCU Gnu/Linux Forensic Boot CD (knoppix)
- Forensic and Incident Response Environment (FIRE)
- Helix (knoppix)

- Knoppix STD
- Local Area Security Linux
- Penguin Sleuth Kit (knoppix)
- Plan-B
- Snarl (FreeBSD)
- HeX (Freesbie2)
- Stagos FSE (Ubuntu based)
- IRItaly Live CD Project (Gentoo based)
- ForLEx Live CD Forensic Linux Examination (Knoppix based)



fiwalk

- Analysis program that extracts metadata about files in an image:
 - Names
 - Hashes
 - Block locations
 - • •
- Saves output in XML
- Written by Simson Garfinkel



PyFlag

- Graphical tool that integrates:
 - Network Forensics
 - Log Analysis
 - Disk Forensics (Sleuth Kit)
 - Memory Forensics (Volatility)
- Developed by Michael Cohen and David Collett
- Database oriented approach



PyFlag Screen Shot

| | | | | | Case: PyflagNTF: | STestCase |
|---|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-----------|---------------------|-----------|
| Browsing Filesyst | em | | | | | |
| Tree View Table View | **D7 % | | | | | |
| 8- #Extend 8- Books | Inode- | Filename | Del | File Size | Last Modified | Mode |
| E- Images | Q Itesti K35-128-3 | ajax,js | 1 | 4409 | 2007-01-02 16:59:48 | r/r |
| Sherlock_Holmes_files System Volume Information | Q Itest(K36-128-4 | Dancing_men.png | 1 | 2646 | 2007-01-02 16:59:48 | rjr |
| Gdeleted_ | Q Itest(K37-128-4 | 250pa.Sheriock_holmes_pipe_hat.jpg | V | 26697 | 2007-01-02 16:59:48 | r/r |
| Bunallocated_ | Q Itesti638-128-4 | poweredby_mediawiki_88x31.png | 1 | 1933 | 2007-01-02 16:59-48 | rít |
| | Q Itenti839-128-4 | 24px-Wikimedia-logo.png | 1 | 908 | 2007-01-02 16:59:48 | r/r |
| | Q Itest K40-128-4 | 250ps Holmes_by_Paget.jpg | 1 | 12426 | 2007-01-02 16:59:48 | rjr |
| | Q (test)K41-128-3 | index | 1 | 25689 | 2007-01-02 16:59:48 | n/r |
| | Q Inest(K42-128-4 | 50pr.Wikiquote-logo-en.png | 1 | 4717 | 2007-01-02 16:59:48 | rjr. |
| | Q Itentik43-128-4 | commonPrintcas | 1 | 5318 | 2007-01-02 16:59:48 | rit |
| | Q ItentiX44-128-3 | | 1 | 1226 | 2007-01-02 16:59:48 | err. |



Nanni Bassetti

- Raw2FS: Resolves carved data to file names
- MultiFS: Detects file systems
- SFDumper: Selective file extractor
- FUNDL: Selected deleted file extractor



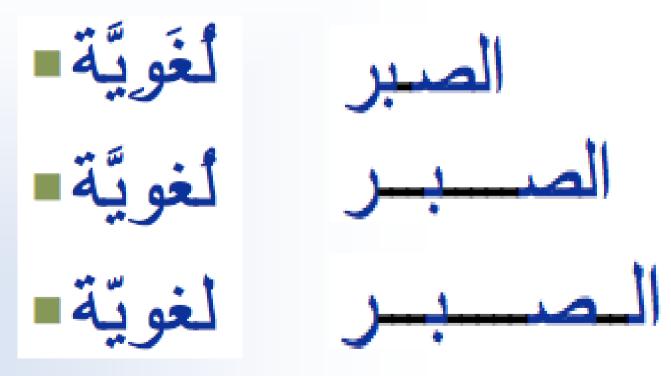
Odyssey Digital Forensic Search

- Basis effort to integrate language tools with keyword searching hard drives.
 - Sleuth Kit to extract files from image
 - Basis Rosette tools to tokenize and normalize text.
 - dtSearch to create an index of keywords.
 - Basis Rosette tools to triage documents by identifying names and translating them.
 - Simple GUI

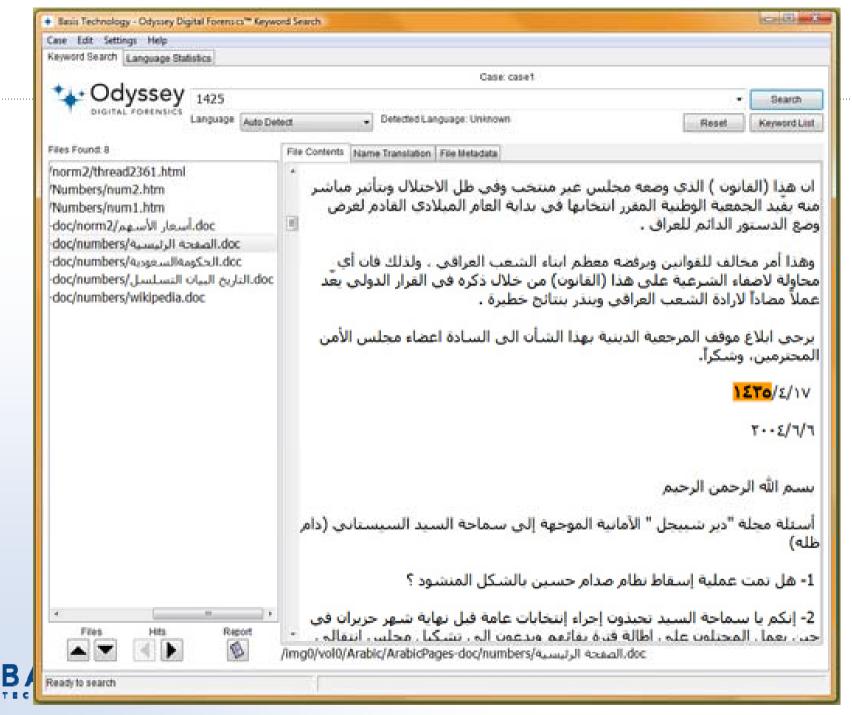


Normalizing Keywords

á=**a**+**′** U+00E1 U+0061 + U+00B4







1990 : بداية رحلته إلى Afghanistan

1991 : شارك في الفتال ضد الروس في منطقة <mark>Khust</mark>، وأتخذ اسم <mark>Abu-Mus'ab al-Zarqawi</mark> بعد انضمامه إلى مجموعة التوحيد والهجرة السلفية التي يترأسها Abu-Muhammad al-Maqdisi .

1994- حكم عليه بالسجن في Jordan لمدة 15 عاما لكنه خرج بعفو عام 1999 .

1999 : نسب إليه التخطيط لشـن هجوم "إرهابي" في احتفال <mark>Jordan</mark> بالألفية، حيث استهدف الهجوم فندق **RAdyswn** سـاس في Oman ومواقع أميركية وإسـراتيلية ومسـيحية أخرى، وأحبطت المحاولة قبل تنفيذها، لكنه هرب قبل القبض عليه .

2000 : انتقل <mark>al-Zarqawi</mark> إلى Afghanistan حيث أشرف على معسكر لتدريب مقاتلي al-Qa'idah، كما تخصص في الأسلحة الكيماوية والبيولوجية .

2001 : حكم عليه غيابيا بـ15 سنة لتورطه في ما سمى "العمليات الإرهابية" في Jordan .

أكتوبر/ تشرين الأول 2001 : فر <mark>al-Zarqawi</mark> إلى <mark>Iran</mark> بعد أن فقدت <mark>Taliban</mark> سيطرتها على <mark>Afghanistan</mark>، ومن هناك جند فلسطينيين ائتين وأردنيا دخلوا <mark>Turkey</mark> وكان من المفترض أن يذهبوا إلى **Israel** للقيام بهجمات بالقنابل هناك .

15 فبرابر/ شباط 2002 : إلقاء القبض على الثلاثة الذين أرسلهم al-Zarqawi في Turkey .

مايو/ أيار 2002 : سـافر <mark>al-Zargawi</mark> إلى **Iraq** حيث فقد إحدى رجليه واستبدل بها أخرى صناعية .

مايو/ أيار- يوليو/ تموز 2002 : تعافي من إصابته في <mark>Baghdad</mark> والتقي بعض المقاتلين هناك حيث أقام قاعدة عمليات .

نهاية صيف 2002 : سـافر <mark>al-Zarqawi</mark> إلى <mark>Lebanon</mark> لمقابلة قادة من Hizballah ومجموعة مسلحة أخرى .

بداية 2003 : عاد <mark>al-Zarqawi</mark> إلى معسكر أنصار الإسلام في **Iraq**، وقام شخص آخر تدرب في هذا المعسكر بالتخطيط لهجمات كيمياتية باستخدام سموم مختلفة في Britain France Georgia Chechnya .

يناير/ كانون الثاني 2003 : القبض على بعض "الإرهابيين" في <mark>Britain</mark> بتهمة التخطيط لوضع ريسين في أغذية الجيش، ومرة أخرى يربط بين "الإرهابيين" Wa'alzzarqawi .

5 فبرابر/ شباط 2003 : وزير الخارجية الأميركي <mark>Colin Powell</mark> تحدث أمام <mark>Majlis al-Amn</mark> مشيرا إلى معلومات لديه عن علاقات ³³ <mark>al-Qa'idah</mark> بتنظيم al-Qa'idah في Iraq .

Future of TSK



Version 3.2

- Automation, Automation, Automation
- Easier to create programs that need access to all files in an image or local disk.
- New C++ class that automates:
 - Identification of partitions in disk.
 - Identification and extraction of files in file system.
- Instead of duplicating the sample program, just create a super class and implement a couple of methods.



Version 3.2 Tools

- Dump all file metadata data to a SQLite database:
 - Can be processed by non-C tools and interfaces.
 - Allows for correlation.
 - Schema is not yet finalized contact me if you have needs.
- Extract files to a local directory hierarchy:
 - Frequently requested data recovery feature.
- Compare raw data with local directory hierarchy:
 - Finds rootkits that are hiding directories
 - Useful for testing



Post Version 3.2

- More language-specific bindings:
 - Python
 - Java
- File systems:
 - ExFAT
 - YAFFS
 - Ext4
 - • •
- More higher-level tools:
 - Sorter in C++



Analysis Framework

- At application layer, there are many independent tools with different APIs.
 - Registry
 - Internet history viewers
 - Text extraction
 - •
- An open framework would make it easier to use open source software in fully automated system.
 - Different modules would be called for different file types.
 - Different reporting modules could create output in different formats.



New GUI

- A new Autopsy needs to be created:
 - Simple to install
 - Simple to use
 - Uses TSK library and application-level framework
 - Integrates open source search tools (Lucene, etc.)



Merchandise

....









Brian Carrier

Brianc[at]basistech.com carrier[at]sleuthkit.org

http://www.sleuthkit.org/

