

**Brazilian Federal Police** 

**Brasília University** 



## ForeIndex

### Framework for Storage and Indexing of Forensic Data

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Brazilian Federal Police / Brasília University

Demand for Storage and Indexing in Forensics

ForeIndex – Workflow

ForeIndex – Architecture

Case Study





### Forensic Computer Crime Unit – Brasília/DF



# Brasília University / Brazilian Federal Police



## Partnership with Universities:

### Brasília University







- Forensic Computer Crime Unit 2010:
  - Specialists made 9050 reports;
  - Analysis of around 4.6 PB of data on cybercrimes;
  - Some cases with seizures hundreds of computers;
  - Necessity to analyse data correlated of differents medias of the same case.

# Demands for Storage and Indexing



- Some cases results in seizure of hundreds of medias;
- Modern foresics tools provide many artifacts for each media analized;
- In some cases this is only data, not knowledge;
- Demand to triage and analisy correlated data.

# Demands for Storage and Indexing



- Storage and Indexing as the bottleneck in this process;
- Case Study:
  - 2.274.796 files (482 GB);
  - OS: Windows 7 / openSUSE 11.4 (Linux 2.6)
  - Hardware: Intel Core-2 Quad, 2.66 GHz, 4 GB RAM
  - Average Time to Copy: **12 hours** (NTFS, Ext4)
  - Average Time to Index: 26 hours (Forensics Tools)





- Framework for storage and indexing distributed of Forensic Data;
- Utilized in 2 cases of the forensics process:
  - After of the data acquisition phase (triage):
    - Minimize the amount to data to analyse.

After of the analysis phase (reviewers):
Enabling analysis of correlated evidence.









- Data Providing:
  - Sleuth Kit Scripts;
  - Files of another forencisc analysis process.

- Search Process:
  - Apache Solr;
  - JSP and Servlets (Smart GWT);
  - Jasper Reports.



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## ForeIndex:

- Copy and Index Phases;
- Hadoop Distributed FileSystem (HDFS)
- Hadoop MapReduce;
- Lucene Indexer;
- Tika.







- HDFS Features:
  - Streaming data access;
  - Commodity hardware;
  - Namenode and Datanodes;
  - Data Replication;
  - Data Blocks;
  - Data disk failure, heartbeats, re-replication





## MapReduce - Google™:

- Parallel programming model for data processing;
- Processing in 2 phases: Map Phase, Reduce Phase;
- Commodity hardware, fault-tolerant manner;
- Data input splitted for map tasks processing;
- Maps output organized and processed for reduce tasks;
- Maps and Reduces tasks are schedulled and monitored;
- Compute nodes and datanodes tipically are the same



### ForeIndex – Architecture MapReduce – Example (WordCount)



ForeIndex – Frameword for Distributed Indexing of Forensic Data

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- Hadoop MapReduce Features:
  - HDFS Block Size Input Split Size;
  - Data Locality;
  - Job Manage and Monitoring;
  - MapReduce functions in many languages;
  - Many data types and formats;
  - Counters, Sorter, Joins.





POLICIA

- Copy Process Requirements:
  - Many files to process;
  - Many types os files to process;
  - File size less than block size (in average);
  - Block Size in HDFS is similar of Cluster Size in NTFS;
  - Majority of files can't be splitted to be parsed.









### Features:

- Distributed copy process;
- One or more files contained in FileSet <SequenceFile>;
- FileSet at least with the size of HDFS Block;
- Namenode more efficientily used;
- File is not splitted (good for parsing);
- Other benefits in indexing process.







### Features:

- Distributed index process;
- Use Lucene and Tika;
- Input data are SequenceFiles (FileSet);
- Sequence Files and Data Locality;
- Pipeline for read, parse and index the files;
- The index slices are a functional index;
- The index slices can be merged.



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- Standalone Test:
  - 2.274.796 files (482 GB);
  - OS: Windows 7 / openSUSE 11.4 (Linux 2.6)
  - Hardware: Intel Core-2 Quad, 2.66 GHz, 4 GB RAM
  - Average Time to Copy: **12 hours** (NTFS, Ext4)
  - Average Time to Index: 26 hours (Forensics Tools)
  - Time to Copy in Forensic Cloner: 02:40 (hh:mm)





- ForeIndex Test (2.274.796 files)
  - Configuration:
    - 2.274.796 files (482 GB);
    - Files format: .txt, .xls(s), .xls, .doc(x), .rtf, .msg
    - OS: openSUSE 11.4 (Linux 2.6)
    - Hardware: Intel Core-2 Quad, 2.66 GHz, 4 GB RAM
    - Cluster: 12 Machines (1 Namenode, 1 Job Tracker, 10 Workers [Datanode, TaskTracker]);
    - HDFS Block Size: 64 MB;
    - Local Area Network: 1 Gbps;





- ForeIndex Test (2.274.796 files)
  - Copy Process:
    - Data Source: 2 HDDs SATA-II (no RAID);
    - 4 Maps per Worker = 40 Maps;
    - SequenceFiles created = 206.799;
    - Time to copy = 03:25 (hh:mm)

- Time to Copy in Forensic Cloner: 02:40 (hh:mm)
- Time to Copy in Standalone Test: **12:00** (hh:mm)





- ForeIndex Test (2.274.796 files)
  - Copy Process:
    - Data Source: 2 HDDs SATA-II (RAID-1);
    - 4 Maps per Worker = 40 Maps;
    - SequenceFiles created = 206.799;
    - Time to copy = 01:50 (hh:mm)

- Time to Copy in Forensic Cloner: 02:40 (hh:mm)
- Time to Copy in Standalone Test: **12:00** (hh:mm)





- ForeIndex Test (2.274.796 files)
  - Index Process:
    - 30 Maps, 10 Reducers;
    - SequenceFiles processed = 206.799;
    - Time to Index in Standalone Test = 26:00 (hh:mm)
    - Time to Index in ForeIndex Cluster = 00:25 (hh:mm)







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