

CORY ALTHEIDE

HOW TO BE A
FORENSICS
HIPSTER

03 OCT 2012 - #OSDFC

ALLOW MYSELF TO INTRODUCE... MYSELF

- Cory Altheide
- Forensics, IR, Author
- Relatively Tall
- Bacon Number: 2

A screenshot of a LinkedIn skill endorsement interface. The main heading is "What skills or expertise do your other connections have?" with a green checkmark icon. Below this, there are four endorsement cards arranged in a 2x2 grid. Each card has a profile picture, a question, and an "Endorse" button. The top-left card features the Department of Justice Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) logo and asks "Does [redacted] know about Computer Forensics?". The top-right card features a photo of Cory Altheide and asks "Does Cory Altheide know about Computer Security?". The bottom-left card features a photo of a man and asks "Does [redacted] know about Computer Security?". The bottom-right card features a generic profile icon and asks "Does [redacted] know about Network Security?". At the bottom of the interface, there are buttons for "Endorse all 4", "Close", and "See more".

OUR AGENDA



- Mobile
- PDFs
- Executables
- Metatools
- Shout Outs



- [HFSX](#) file system
 - System volume & "Data" volume
- Collected artifacts similar to OS X:
 - Lots of plist files (binary & text)
- Backups can sometimes be found on host system
 - Can be encrypted
 - Some "protected" files always encrypted

- Backups:
 - [iPhone Backup Analyzer](#)
- Device & Backup:
 - [libmobiledevice](#) (logical acquisition)
 - [Sogeti iPhone Data Protection Tools](#) (physical)

- YAFFS2/EXT4 mostly
- VFAT for "sdcard"
- Debug mode devices accessible over 'adb' from host system
- Interesting artifacts include *lots* of SQLite databases

- "[Open Source Android Forensics \(OSAF\)](#)" project.
 - Mostly geared towards APK/malware analysis
- Viaforensics' tools:
 - [AFLogical](#) acquisition utility (logical)
 - [Santoku Linux](#) (including physical acquisition*)
 - [Sample device volume images!](#)

- Adobe's **P**ortable **D**ocument **F**ormat
- Collection of 8 types of objects
 - "Dictionaries" & "Streams" being the most interesting to us
- Can contain fun stuff like JavaScript & Flash
- Typically used to deliver 0-day & subsequent AV company whitepapers about those same attacks

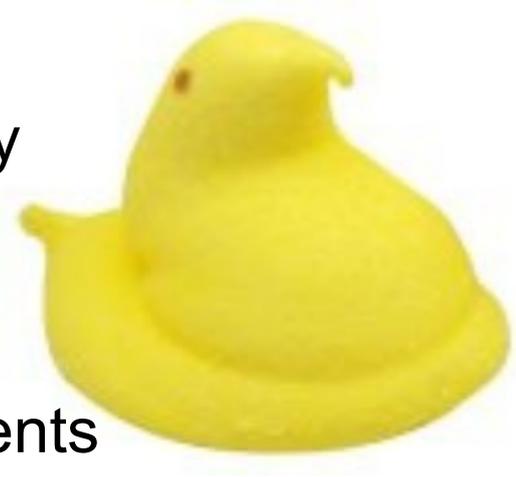
- [Didier Stevens' suite of PDF tools:](#)
 - **pdf-parser.py**: in-depth PDF analysis
 - **make-pdf.py**: Javascript/file embedding
 - **pdfid.py**: quick/naive PDF triage

PDF Header: %PDF-1.3

<i>obj</i>	10
<i>endobj</i>	10
<i>stream</i>	2
<i>endstream</i>	2
<i>xref</i>	1
<i>trailer</i>	1
<i>startxref</i>	1
/Page	1
/Encrypt	0
/ObjStm	0
/JS	2
/JavaScript	3
/AA	0
/OpenAction	1
/AcroForm	0
/JBIG2Decode	0
/RichMedia	0
/Launch	0
/EmbeddedFile	0
/Colors > 2 ²⁴	0



- [Peepdf](#): a python PDF investigation utility
- Identification of suspicious elements
- Interactive shell to browse & dump elements
- Can extract older versions of document (if present)
- Supports Javascript & Shellcode analysis via [Spidermonkey](#) & [Libemu](#) (if present)



- **Origami**: ruby framework for exploring, dissecting, or generating PDFs.
- Comes with a suite of example tools:
 - **pdfmetadata**: extracts metadata
 - **pdfextract**: dumps all objects (JS, images, etc)
 - **pdfcop**: automated 'badness' detector
 - **pdfwalker**: GTK graphical PDF explorer

```
PDFcop is running on target `pdf-jsEval.file',  
policy = `standard'  
File size: 52793 bytes  
MD5: a9e2a597df08f99944a06f175d53d003  
> Inspecting document structure...  
> Inspecting document catalog...  
  . OpenAction entry = YES  
  >> Inspecting action...  
    .. Destination page found.  
    >>> Inspecting page...  
> Inspecting JavaScript names directory...  
Document rejected by policy `standard', caused  
by [:allowJSAtOpening].
```

- [jsunpack-n](#): a 'browser emulator'/honeyclient
 - can directly consume & process PDFs, Javascript, SWF, in addition to HTML & pcap.
 - Output is very terse, good for triage
- [malpdfobj](#):
 - generates a JSON representation of a given PDF
 - good for automation

- PE-COFF (Windows)
- ELF (Linux*)
- Mach-O (OS X, iOS)

**PLACEHOLDER
FOR FUNNY
PICTURE
ABOUT
EXECUTABLES**

- [pefile.py](#)
- Library only, no pre-built tools
- Super easy to use, however:

```
import pefile
badfile = pefile.PE('funnycats.exe')
print badfile.dump_info()
```

- Used in MHL's pescanner.py and many other Python malware analysis utilities

- [pev](#)
- toolkit based on 'libpe': cross-platform PE handler C-library *totally not written by Joachim.*
- **readpe**: parse headers, section info, imports
- **pescan**: PE anomaly detector

- [verify-sigs](#)
- Portable Python Authenticode check for PE binaries.

```
python print_pe_certs.py test_data/SoftwareUpdate.exe
```

```
...  
Program: Apple Software Update, URL: http://www.apple.com/macosx  
Countersignature is present. Timestamp: Fri Jul 25 22:21:53 2008 UTC  
Binary is signed with cert issued by:  
("{'C': 'US', 'OU': 'Terms of use at https://www.verisign.com/rpa (c)04, VeriSign  
Trust Network', 'O': 'VeriSign, Inc.', 'CN': 'VeriSign Class 3 Code Signing 2004  
CA'}",  
 12451790217711796967571790799059482938L)
```

```
Cert chain head issued by:
```

```
("{'C': 'US', 'OU': 'Class 3 Public Primary Certification Authority', 'O':  
'VeriSign, Inc.'}",  
 87155975386774669517273893148021257666L)  
Chain not before: Wed Jun 27 00:00:00 2007 UTC  
Chain not after: Fri Jun 26 23:59:59 2009 UTC
```



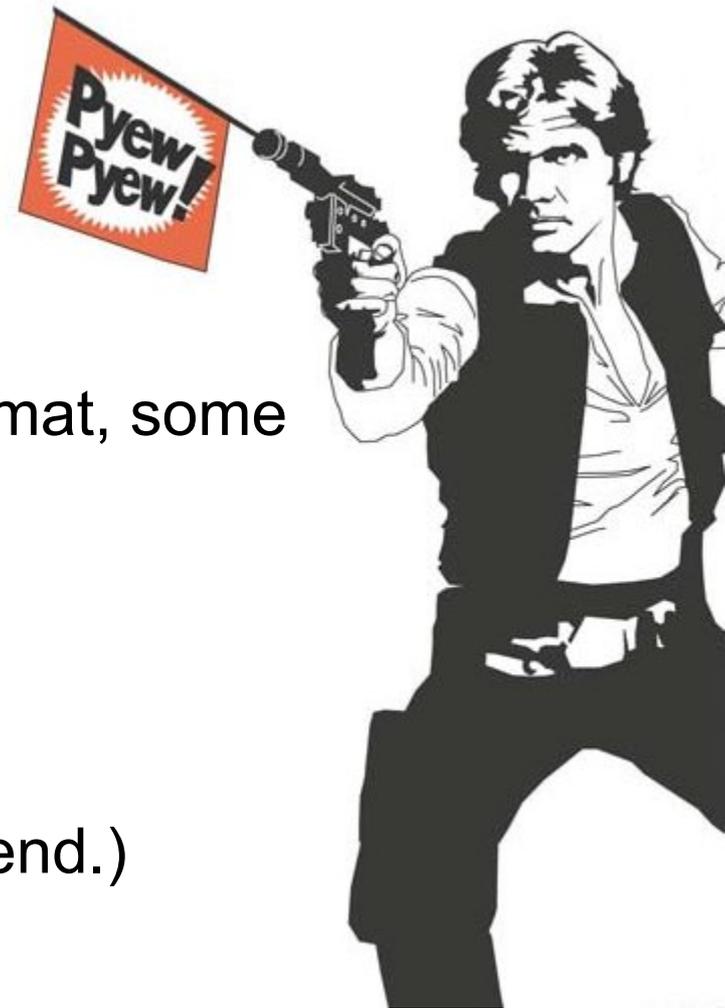
- file
- readelf
- objdump
- [pyelftools](#): Python library for analyzing ELF files & DWARF debugging info.
 - includes fully-portable readelf clone

- [Macholib](#): Python portable Mach-O header parsing library
- Included CLI tool of note is **macho_dump**
 - Reads & prints architectures & linked libraries
- Not close to an 'otool' replacement



- [PYew](#): Python 'Hiew' work-alike.
- Malware exploration & dissection tool
- PE & ELF binary support.
- Extensible via Python class plugins
- Includes '**gluster**': a tool used to compare executable similarity based on call graphs

- Not just for executables:
 - PDF
 - OLE2 (Pre 2K3-Office binary format, some additional Windows 7+ artifacts)
- Graphical front-end "[Bokken](#)"
 - (Can also use [radare](#) as a backend.)



EXECUTABLE ANALYSIS - BOKKEN

The image shows a browser's developer tools interface. On the left, the 'Headers' tab is active, displaying the following URL headers:

Header	Value
x-xss-protection	1; mode=block
set-cookie	PREF=ID=c3
expires	-1
server	gws
connection	close
cache-control	private, max-age=0
date	Sun, 27 Nov 2012 12:00:00 GMT
x-frame-options	SAMEORIGIN
content-type	text/html; charset=UTF-8

On the right, the 'Callgraph' tab is active, showing a network diagram for the URL `http://www.google.com`. The diagram illustrates the following structure:

- Root node: `http://www.google.com`
- Child nodes: `search?`, `url?sa=p`, `preferences?hl=es`, `advanced_search?hl=es`, `language_tools?hl=es`, `intl`, and `services`.
- The `url?sa=p` node has parameters: `pref=ig`, `pval=3`, and `q=http:`.
- The `url?sa=p` node connects to `www.google.es`.
- The `www.google.es` node connects to a node containing the URL: `ig%3Fhl%3Des%26source%3Digk%3Fusg=AFQjCNEu3j43N`.
- The `intl` node connects to `es`.
- The `es` node connects to `ads`, `about.html`, and `privacy.html`.

- [Hachoir](#) - Python library for slicing & dicing binary streams.
- Stream browser backed by powerful parser library (70 formats currently supported)
- Lots of useful tools supplied
- *"Hachoir is the French word for a meat grinder (meat mincer), which is used by butchers to divide meat into long tubes; Hachoir is used by computer butchers to divide binary files into fields."*

- **Hachoir-metadata:**
 - extract & print metadata from supported file formats
 - Will work on truncated/corrupted files
 - uses only **hachoir-parser** (no other libraries required)

- **Hachoir-subfile:**
 - Locates subordinate files within a binary stream
 - Initiates detection based on magic number, then passes substream to hachoir-parser to validate file.
 - Doesn't (currently) work on compressed streams (patches welcome?)

- **Hachoir-urwid/hachoir-wx:**
 - Console (urwid) or GUI (wx) interface for interactively exploring supported files.

METATOOLS - HACHOIR

```
0) file:/Users/cory/Downloads/pdfid_v0_0_12.zip: ZIP archive (7477 bytes)
  0) header[0]= 0x04034b50: Header (4 bytes)
- 4) file[0]: File entry: pdf-parser.py (7317) (7356 bytes)
  - 0) version_needed: Version needed (2 bytes)
    0) zip_version= 2.0: ZIP version (1 byte)
    1) host_os= FAT file system (DOS, OS/2, NT): ZIP Host OS (1 byte)
+ 2) flags: General purpose flag (2 bytes)
  4) compression= Deflate: Compression method (2 bytes)
- 6) last_mod= 2012-03-11 17:11:28: Last modification file time (4 bytes)
  0.0) second= 14: Second/2 (5 bits)
  0.5) minute= 11 (6 bits)
  1.3) hour= 17 (5 bits)
  2.0) day= 11 (5 bits)
  2.5) month= 3 (4 bits)
  3.1) year= 32: Number of year after 1980 (7 bits)
 10) crc32= 0x0e89f150: CRC-32 (4 bytes)
 14) compressed_size= 7317: Compressed size (4 bytes)
 18) uncompressed_size= 38477: Uncompressed size (4 bytes)
 22) filename_length= 13: Filename length (2 bytes)
 24) extra_length= 0: Extra fields length (2 bytes)
 26) filename= "pdf-parser.py": Filename (13 bytes)
 39) compressed_data= "\xed\x1dis\"E\xf4;\xbf\xa2\xd5R\xc0\0(...)": File "pdf-parser.py" (7317 bytes) (7317 bytes)
7360) header[1]= 0x02014b50: Header (4 bytes)
+ 7364) central_directory[0]: Central directory: "pdf-parser.py" (91 bytes)
7455) header[2]= 0x06054b50: Header (4 bytes)
+ 7459) end_central_directory: End of central directory (18 bytes)
```

- [Okteta](#) is an open source hex editor for KDE
- Essentially the best free hex editor money can't buy.
- Really well documented in the Okteta Handbook
- Beyond normal hex editor features:
 - Binary Filter w/ bitwise operators
 - Data interpretation w/ structure definitions (ala 010 Editor)

Name	Type	Value
[-] <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> bmp-js	struct	
[-] <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> BMPFileHeader	struct	
[-] <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Magic	struct	
Magic1	char	'B' (0x42)
Magic2	char	'M' (0x4d)
file_size	unsigned int	0xd36
reserved_1	unsigned short	0x0
reserved_2	unsigned short	0x0
data_offset	unsigned int	0x436
> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> BMPInfoHeader	struct	
> ColorPalette	struct[256] (struct)	
[-] PixelArray	array[48] (unsigned int[12])	
> [0]	unsigned int[12]	
> [1]	unsigned int[12]	
> [2]	unsigned int[12]	
> [3]	unsigned int[12]	
> [4]	unsigned int[12]	
> [5]	unsigned int[12]	
> [6]	unsigned int[12]	
> [7]	unsigned int[12]	
> [8]	unsigned int[12]	

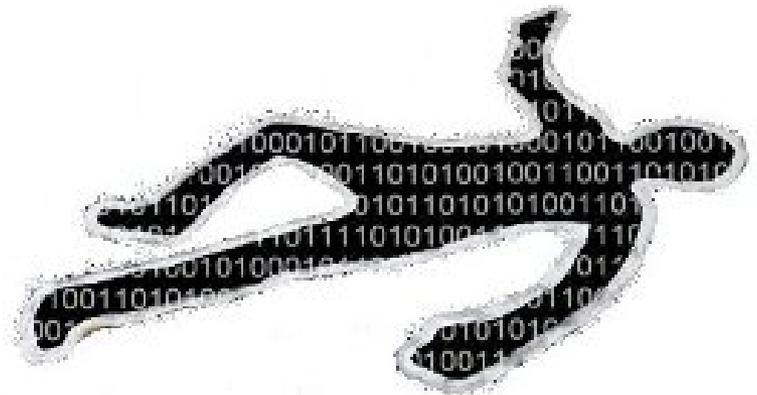
Name: BMPInfoHeader
Value:
Type: struct
Size: 40 bytes (11 children)

- [Fordrop](#) is an open source forensics collaboration platform
- Upload your artifact-of-interest and collaborate with peers
- Auto-generates graphical timeline for items in your investigation.
- Currently in heavy development.

SHOUTOUTS: TWO KINGS



Will Ballenthin



Joachim Metz

- [MANDIANT NYC-based forensic badass](#)
- [python-registry](#)
- [INDXParse](#)
- [ShellBags](#) parser
- [LFLE](#) parser
- [Open project to reverse Windows 8's ReFS](#)

- Google IR Zurich lib-master
- [libewf](#)
- [libevt/libevtx](#)
- [libolecf](#)
- [libregf](#)
- [libbde/libfvde/libvshadow](#)
- Collected works at <http://code.google.com/p/libyal>

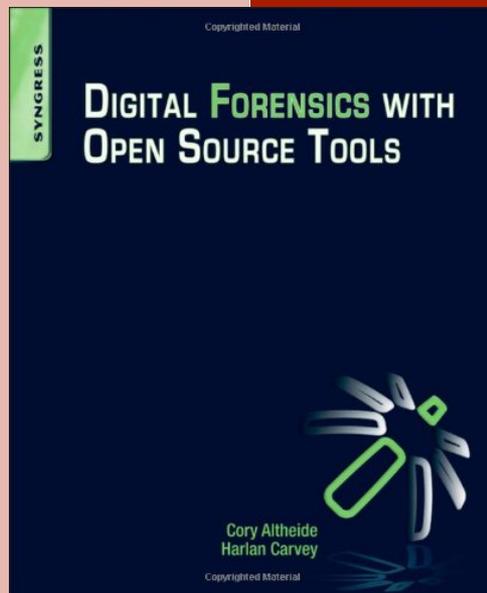


- We're hiring!
- Contact: cory@google.com



THE END

AUTOGRAPHS? INQUIRIES! DERISION.



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